## Chip simulation of automotive ECUs

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## **Abstract**

! odern #\$%s &ontain ten t"ousands of engine parameters t"at need to be tuned. \$alibration of all t"ese parameters is time &onsuming and &omple'. Simulation on a (\$ &ould "elp to automate and speed up t"e &alibration pro&ess, in parti&ular if simulation runs mu&" faster )e. g. 20 times\* t"an real-time. +o,e-er, engine &alibration is typi&ally performed by an .#!, ,"ile t"e #\$% &ode is o, ned by t"e supplier of t"e #\$%. /"erefore, t"e .#! is typi&ally unable to set up a #\$% simulation based on t"e original \$ &ode of t"e #\$%. Instead, to set up a simulation, time &onsuming and error prone re-erse engineering is needed to de-elop an le2ui-alent model of t"e #\$% fun&tion of interest. /o impro-e t"is situation, ,e "a-e integrated a &"ip simulator into t"e -irtual #\$% tool Sil-er. /"is is used to simulate "e' files &ompiled for /ri\$ore targets dire&tly on (\$. Simulation re2uires

- 1. a "e' file t"at &ontains program &ode and parameters of t"e simulated fun&tions
- 2. start addresses of t"e fun&tions to be simulated
- 3. an ASA (24a2l file t"at defines t"e &on-ersion rules for t"e in-ol-ed inputs, outputs, and & ara&teristi&s, as , ell as &orresponding addresses

/"e start addresses of fun&tions &an e. g. be e'tra&ted from a map file generated toget"er ,it" t"e "e' file. Sil-er uses t"e a2l file to automati&ally &on-ert s&aled integer -alues to p"ysi&al -alues and -i&e -ersa during simulation. A /ri\$ore simulation &an also be e'ported as S5un&tion )me',32 file\* for use in ! A/6AB4Simulin . .n a standard (\$, "e' simulation runs ,it" about 70 !0(\$.0f only simulating sele&ted fun&tions of an #\$%, t"is is fast enoug" to run a simulation mu&" faster t"an real-time. On t"is paper, ,e also report "o, su&" simulations are used today to support t"e de-elopment of gasoline engines at 8aimler.

## Introduction: Virtual ECUs in the development process

Simulation "as great potential to impro-e t"e de-elopment pro&ess for #\$%s. Simulation "elps to mo-e de-elopment tas s to (\$, ,pms "s s!2 oteyo teyo

• on a (\$, a &alibration tool li e 0; \$A)#/AS\* or \$A; ape)<e&tor\* &an be &onne&ted to a -irtual #\$% -ia =\$ ( to measure into a running simulation and to tune & "ara&teristi&s online. / "is, ay, many parameters of a #\$% &an be tuned using a relati-ely & "eap and "ig"ly a-ailable (\$ platform, , it"out

models &an be imported from many simulation tools into Sil-er, in&luding ! A/6AB4Simulin , 8ymola, Simulation= and ! apleSim, e.g. t"roug" t"e 5 ! 0 format for model e'&"ange A7B.

+o, e-er, sometimes \$ &ode is not a-ailable for implementing a -irtual #\$%. / "ere are t, o main sour&es for su&" a situation:

• : All or malor parts of t"e #\$% "a-e been de-eloped by a supplier and t"e . #! interested in building a -irtual #\$% )e.g. to support &alibration, a tas typi&ally performed by an . #!\* "as t"erefore no a&&ess to t"e \$ &ode.

•

/ "e tas s of &ategories 1 and 3 typi&ally depend on details of t"e parti&ular &"ip, and on t"e #\$% "ard, are. In &ontrast, tas s of &ategory 2 are fairly independent from su&" "ard, are-spe&ifi& details. /o simulate #\$% &ode, it is t"erefore &on-enient to run only tas s of &ategory 2. / "e re2uired inputs for t"ese tas s &an eit"er be ta en from measurement files )open-loop simulation\*, or t"ey are &omputed online by some plant model )&losed-loop simulation\*, bypassing t"e tas s of &ategory 1. 6i e, ise, t"e outputs of &ategory 2 tas s &an be dire&tly &ompared to measurements )open loop\* or fed into t"e plant model )&losed loop\*, bypassing t"e &ategory 3 tas s. / "e signal interfa&e bet, een &ategories 1-2 and 2-3 is typi&ally , ell do&umented and a-ailable, e.g. from t"e \$A; spe&ifi&ation )8B\$ file\* of t"e #\$%.

/ "is modelling strategy "as a -ery good &ost-benefit ratio. In order to simulate also t"e tas s of &ategories 1 and 3, one "as to model "undreds or perip"eral and &"ip spe&ifi& registers, and to build state-ma&"ine models for lo,-le-el perip"erals, su&" as \$A; &ontrollers. /e&"ni&ally, t"is is possible, e. g., it" System\$ A?B, but "ardly Eustified by t"e added -alue, at least for t"e appli&ations &onsidered "ere.

Sil-er 2.? uses a spe&ifi&ation file )similar to t"e .06 file used to &onfigure . S#H\* to spe&ify, , "i&" tas s of a "e' file to simulate. Sil-er automati&ally turns su&" a spe& file into an e'e&utable Sil-er module )dll\* or S5un&tion. A typi&al spe& file loo s as follo , s:

```
01 # specification of sfunction or Silver module
02 hex_file(m12345.hex, ri!ore_1.3.1"
03 a2l_file(m12345.a2l"
0, frame_set(S - ... S \% / -, 10" # Silver step si0e in ms
01 frame_set( -2 _S \#* , 0xa0000000" # location of frame code
03
04 # functions to )e simulated, in order of execution
10 tas5_initial(#6!7-_ini"
11 tas5_initial(#6!7-_inis8n"
12 tas5_tri99ered(#6!7-_s8n, tri99er_#6!7-_s8n"
13 tas5_periodic(#6!7-_20ms, 20, 0"
14 tas5_periodic(#6!7-_200ms, 200, 0"
15
1, # interface of the generated sfunction or Silver module
11 a2l function inputs(#6!7-"
13 a21 function outputs(#6!7-"
14 a2I_function_parameters_defined(#6!7-"
```

/"e "as" # &"ara&ter starts a &omment, , "i&" is ignored by Sil-er. / "e spe& file first lists t"e re2uired files )line 2-?\*. / "e map file is optional. 0f a map file is gi-en, t"e spe& file may use symboli& names f@ fsseo

emulation. 5or e-ent triggered tas s, Sil-er offers t, o alternati-e e-ent models. 6ine 12 s"o, s a fun&tion t"at is e'e&uted times at ea&" Sil-er step, , "ere is t"e -alue of t"e input -ariable t r i 99e r\_#6!7-\_s8n at t"e beginning of t"e step. /ypi&ally, is 0 or 1 during simulation. +ig"er -alues o&ur only, , "en more t"an one trigger e-ent o&uring one step. Sil-er also offers a more a&urate e-ent model, t"at allo, s e'e&ution of an e-ent triggered tas at e'a&t e-ent time, not fust at t"e beginning of a step.

5inally, lines 1G-19 define t"e inputs, outputs and parameters of t"e generated module or S5un&tion. On t"is &ase, ,e Eust reuse t"e interfa&e of a 5%; \$/0.; element of t"e a2l file, for a fun&tion &alled AB\$8#. Ot is also possible, to list indi-idual -ariables "ere by name, as long as t"eir properties )su&" as address, &on-ersion rule, data type\* are des&ribed in t"e a2l file.

On addition, t"e spe& file offers means to spe&ify

- properties of t"e =\$( emulation, if any, to support online &alibration and measurement using tools su&" as 0; \$A and \$A; ape
- data se&tions to be in&luded into t"e generated Sil-er module or S5un&tion.
   / "is , ay, initial loading of t"e "e' file into simulated memory &an be a-oided, to speed up simulation.
- memory areas to be &opied to ot "er )faster\* memory by t "e start-up &ode
- fun&tions to be repla&ed by ot"er fun&tions. / "is , ay, a fun&tion &alled by a tas of &ategory 1 or 3 to a&&ess sensors or a&tuators &an be repla&ed by a fun&tion t"at dire&tly a&&esses a plant model or measured -alues instead.
- logging options, e.g. to tra& memory a&&ess during simulation

/"e Sil-er module or S5un&tion generated t"is , ay performs e'a&tly t"e same &omputations on (\$, as on t"e real target, sin&e t"e effe&t of e-ery ma&"ine instru&tion on memory and &"ip registers is e'a&tly simulated on (\$. +o, e-er:

- simulation is fust instru&tion a&&urate, not &y&le a&&urate. / "is means, t"e simulation on (\$ &annot be used to e'a&tly predi&t e'e&ution time on t"e real target. 5or e'ample, pipeline effe&ts of different a&&ess times to memory )e.g. fast on-&"ip CA! -s. e'ternal CA!\* are not modelled.
- &on&eptually, simulated tas s e'e&ute infinitely fast. / "is means t"at t"e emulated C/. S ne-er interrupts a tas . / "e &orresponding effe&ts &annot be analysed using t"e generated model.
- Sili&on bugs are not simulated. Of a &ompiler for t"e real target does not, or

! "#\$ %

Sil-er &an also turn a spe& file as des&ribed in se&tion 2.1 into a S5un&tion, i.e. a me', 32 file t"at runs in Simulin . / "is is parti&ularly interesting , "en using &"ip simulation to support automated optimi9ation of parameters, be&ause many optimi9ation tools are implemented on top of !A/6AB4Simulin . / "e generated S5un&tion a&&epts all &"ara&teristi&s listed in t"e spe& file as S5un&tion parameters. / "is ma es it easy to &onne&t t"e generated S5un&tion , it" an optimi9ation pro&edure. 5or e'ample, t"e S5un&tion &an be &alled , it" , or spa&e -ariables t"at are t"en automati&ally -aried by t"e optimi9ation pro&edure bet , een S5un&tion &alls. / "e performan&e of a generated S5un&tion is again about 70 ! (S.

## Applications of chip simulation

On t"is se&tion, ,e s"ortly s et&" &urrent appli&ations of t"e presented approa&" at 8aimler.

8uring de-elopment of an engine &ontroller, a de-eloper mig"t , ant to repla&e a &ertain fun&tion of t"e #\$% by its o , n -ersion of t"at fun&tion, bypassing t"e original fun&tion. 5or real #\$%s, t"is &an be done , it" tools su&" as #+ . . HS )#/AS\* or ; o-+oo s )A/0\*. /"ese tools manipulate t"e original "e' file, su&" t"at t"e bypassed fun&tion is not e'e&uted any more, but Eust &alls t"e ne , fun&tion instead. /"e ne , fun&tion is e. g. de-eloped , it" !A/6AB4Simulin in &onEun&tion , it" a &ode generator and a &ompiler for t"e target pro&essor. /"is met"odology still re2uires a&&ess to t"e real #\$%: t"e manipulated "e' file needs to be flas"ed into t"e #\$%, and t"e #\$% needs to run t"e ne , fun&tion, su&" t"at its be"a-iour &an be assessed. On order to furt"er simplify t"e assessment of t"e ne , fun&tion, , e e'e&ute t"e manipulated "e' file in Sil-er on (\$ using & "ip simulation as des&ribed abo-e. Su&" simulations are typi&ally dri-en open loop by measurement files)! 85\*.

/ "e pla&ing of bypass "oo s by dire&t manipulation of t"e "e' file is a mig"ty but error-prone tool. Sometimes a "oo ed fun&tion is not &alled at all or only some -ariables are o-er, ritten and some not.; ormally, su&" errors are only dete&ted after

, it" !A/6AB4Simulin . / "is "as been time &onsuming and error prone. > e "a-e no , partially repla&ed t"ese "and-&oded models , it" S5un&tions generated automati&ally by Sil-er from a gi-en "e' file. / "e generated S5un&tions proofed to run as fast as t"eir "and &oded &ounterparts. / "e repla&ement of "and-&oded floating-point models by generated fi'-point S5un&tions raises t"e follo , ing problem: Some optimi9ation pro&edures re2uire gradient information to guide t"e sear&" for optimal parameter -alues. 5or e'ample, , "en sear&"ing for an t"at minimi9es ) , t"e deri-ati-e is to be &omputed during optimi9ation for different -alues of . 5inite differen&es are often used "ere, i.e.

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